The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 3013

TUESDAY OCTOBER 25. 1743.

Yesterday arrived a Mail from Holland.

Constantinople, September 13.

THE Prince his Sublime Highneſs has thought fit to acknowledge for Shah of Perſia, ſet out for the Army on the 28th of Auguſt, accompanied by Achmet Baſhaw, heretofore Grand Vizir, and Morſea Baſhaw. This Army is to march directly into Perſia, while another Army of 150,000 Men, is employed to give Check to Thamas Kouli Kan. In order to give the People as much Satisfaction as is poſſible, a Baſhaw of the moſt illuſtrious Family of Kuperli is raiſed to the Dignity of Kaimakan, or Governor of this City.

Peterſburgh, October 7. All Difficulties in relation to the Ceremony of Receiving the Imperial Miniſter being over, Baron Neuhaus will ſhortly have an Audience of the Czarina. The Marquis de la Chetardie is expected very ſpeedily, and a Palace is furniſhing for his Reception. We have juſt now received an Expreſs from Copenhagen, by which we are informed, that all Thoughts of War are laid aſide, and that his Daniſh Majeſty is determined to enter into a Negociation with the Imperial Court, in relation to the Territories belonging to the Duke of Holſtein. Upon this News, our Fleet is recalled, and Orders have been ſent to General Keith to ſuſpend his March, till he receives freſh Inſtructions.

Stockholm, September 16. This Morning the Succeſſor to our Crown arrived at the Caſtle of Carelsbourgh, where ſeveral Senators, and other Perſons of the Firſt Diſtinction, have been already to pay their Duty to him, and to compliment him on his ſafe Arrival. In Caſe of War, his Majeſty intends, that that Prince ſhall remain here, and will put himſelf at the Head of the Army; for which Reaſon the Guards have Orders to provide themſelves with proper Horſes. The Danes have thrown two Bridges over the River that ſeparates the Swediſh Territories from theirs in Norway, but, as yet, they have committed no Hoſtilities. His Majeſty, however, has thought fit to publiſh a long Proclamation, ſetting forth his Reaſons for ſending Troops into Dalecarlia.

Bologna, October 15. This Day Te Deum was ſung here, under triple a Diſcharge of Artillery, on Account of its being the Feaſt of St. Thereſa, and the Name-Day of her Hungarian Majeſty. About Noon a ſecond Te Deum was performed for the News of the Surrender of Landſkrona, and an Hour after was performed, with the ſame Ceremony, a third Time, for the important Victory obtained by the King of Sardinia over the French and Spaniards. It is thought, the Auſtrian Army will be ſoon 25,000 ſtrong; but, at the ſame time, our Letters from Rimini aſſure us, that the Spaniards intend to wait there for the coming up of the Auſtrians, in order to give them Battle; but this we look upon as mere Gaſcoinard.

Genoa, October 12. It is now more than a Month ſince we have had any Account whatſoever from Corſica, all the Letters from thence being ſtopp'd, by Order of the Government; for which Reaſon we do not ſcruple here to take it for granted, that Things are in a worſe Situation there than ever. We are at the ſame time embaraſſed with the King of the Two Sicilies; for as it is privately whiſper'd, we are in a worſe Situation with the Court of Great Britain than ever; and 'tis ſaid that all Admiral Matthews has done here, has been juſtified in a very high Style elſewhere.

Turin, October 17. We are now thoroughly ſatisfied, that the late Action in Piedmont was much more bloody than we believed it. A Spaniſh Officer, juſt arrived here with Orders from the Infant Don Philip, gives us the following Account; viz. That two Aid de Camps of the Marquis de la Minas were ſhot on each ſide of him, one of the Bullets having grazed on his Excellency's Saddle; that the King of Sardinia was preſent in the whole Action, and ſometimes directed the Troops, ſometimes the Artillery; but that when the combined Army broke, his Majeſty was not able to reſtrain his Troops from throwing themſelves headlong into their Retrenchments to follow them; by which raſh Act of Temerity, the French and Spaniards ſuffered moſt, tho' they had ſuffered much from the Artillery before. The former had 700 killed, the latter 1100, and the Wounded were reckoned above 2000. As to the Number of Deſerters, it cannot eaſily be adjuſted; for of late they have gone off by whole Corps. In the mean time, this Affair has done us ſome Good, for the Capitation Tax is altered ſomewhat in our favour, and yet it is ſo heavy, that the meaneſt Peaſant in this Country will pay at leaſt fifty Livres, and that, at a Time when they have hardly a Penny to buy Bread.

Vienna, October 19. The Day before Yeſterday a grand Council was held at the Palace of old Count Staremberg, and immediately after it was over, a general Council of War at the Houſe of the Count de Harrach; the laſt, we know, was occaſioned by ſome Diſpatches from Prince Lobkowitz. The ſame Day the Court was agreeably ſurprized with a Letter from the Czarina to her Majeſty, in which her Imperial Majeſty takes Notice, That as ſhe has the ſtrongeſt Reaſons to be ſatisfied that the Intrigues of the Marquis de Botta were not carried on either by Direction from, or with the Participation of his Court, ſo ſhe was far from intending that any indirect Practices of his ſhould prejudice, in the leaſt Degree, the ſtrict Friendſhip, and intimate Correſpondence, which had hitherto ſubſiſted between the two Courts, ſo much to their mutual Benefit and Advantage.

Franckfort, October 27. The new French Miniſter, Monſ. de Chavigni, confers aſſiduouſly with the Imperial Miniſters. It is ſaid, that he comes to adjuſt ſome Scheme of Importance here, and is then to proceed to other Courts in Germany. The Imparial Army is actually on its March, in order to come and take Quarters in this Country. A Report prevails here, and ſeems even to have gained Credit at Court, that the French, to repair their Loſs of Credit, have reſolved to paſs the Rhine, late as it is in the Seaſon, and form the Siege of Friburgh immediately.

Hague, November 2. Upon the 31ſt ult. his Excellency the Earl of Stair, Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from his Britannick Majeſty, had, with the uſual Ceremonies, his Audience of Leave from their High Mightineſſes, and receiv'd for himſelf, and Secretaries, the uſual Preſents; and, at the ſame time, preſented the following Memorial.

A Memorial *preſented by his Excellency the Right Hon.* John *Earl of* Stair, *Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of his* Britannick *Majeſty to the* States General.

High and Mighty Lords,

'The underwritten Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary has the Honour to preſent this Memorial to your High Mightineſſes, in order to take Leave of this Republick: It is but natural that Princes ſhould employ in their Service ſuch as are moſt agreeable to them.

'On this Occaſion, I have expreſs Orders from the King, my Maſter, to aſſure your High Mightineſſes of his Friendſhip in the cleareſt and ſtrongeſt Terms; and to inform you, that his Majeſty moſt ardently wiſhes that a perfect Union, and an entire Confidence, may always ſubſiſt between Great Britain and this Republick.

'Let me have Leave, High and Mighty Lords, to remark for my own Part, that at all Times I have been a moſt zealous Friend to this Union; that this Maxim has always directed my manner of Thinking, and all the publick Actions of my Life, without ever varying therefrom, as I am ſure that I never ſhall vary from it.

'It is unneceſſary for me to obſerve to your High Mightineſſes, that our Countries reſpectively have ſtood indebted for their Liberty, that ought to be ſo dear to them, to this Union; and that without ſuch a perfect Union, the Independency of Europe had been often ſwallowed up.

'It would be ſuperfluous to give Examples of Facts ſo inconteſtible; I ſhall only take the Liberty of remarking, in the laſt Place, that to the Union of the Maritime Powers the Houſe of Auſtria owes its Preſervation. It is eaſy to ſee of what Conſequence the Deſtruction of that Houſe will be to all Europe; the Maritime Powers have throughly underſtood that Conſeqnence, and prevented it by the wiſe Meaſures they have taken. It is at this very Hour, that by the evident Protection of Divine Providence, the Houſe of Auſtria, and conſequently all Europe, is delivered from the Danger of approaching Slavery. It ſeems every Way worthy of the Maritime Powers, and their Allies, to employ the neceſſary Means for preventing her falling back, by a new War, into Dangers like thoſe to which we have ſeen her expoſed in all the different Wars that have riſen for Seventy Years paſt.

'All the Princes and States concerned think in the ſame Manner; and it does not appear at all difficult to me, to engage them all to ſpeak the ſame Language. When this ſhall fall out, it is eaſy to diſcern that the Accompliſhment of the great Work is not far off.

'For me, I flatter myſelf, High and Mighty Lords, that I ſhall always find in your Republick many Friends who out of Regard to the Uprigtneſs of my Heart and of my Sentiments, will pardon all my Failings.'

Done at the Hague, October 31, 1743.

IRELAND.

Dublin, October 18. Laſt Sunday died James Meyler, of Sallymount, in the County of Kildare, Eſq; a Gentleman that never kept leſs than 60 or 80 poor Men, or Labourers, at Work; a great Improver; a very ingenious honeſt Gentleman, well beloved by his Neighbours of all Ranks, greatly lamented. He has this Year above 4000 Barrels of different Sorts of Grain; that is, Wheat, Bear, Barley, and Oats: No Man in this Kingdom can ſhew ſuch a Sight. He died worth Ten thouſand Pounds.

We hear from belfaſt that laſt Week a Fire broke out in the Houſe of Mr. William Malcomſon, a Farmer in the Pariſh of Dromoragh, which conſumed the ſame, with all the Furniture; and that his Daughter, a young Woman about 21 Years old, periſhed in the Flames.

On Thurſday Night laſt the Diſſenting Meeting-Houſe on the Lands of Treduff, in the County of Armagh, was ſet on Fire by ſome ill-diſpoſed Perſon or Perſons, and entirely conſumed to Aſhes.

Early on Sunday Morning laſt, a Fire broke out in Drumcondra Lane, which conſumed three Cabbins; a Woman, who was in one of them, brought out a Nurſe Child ſhe had thro' the Flames, which was much ſcorch'd; but by returning to ſave her own Child, a Boy about ſix Years old, ſhe unhappily periſhed with him in the Flames.

HOME PORTS.

Briſtol, October 23. Arrived the St. John Baptiſts, Quinlin, from Bourdeaux; and the Enterprize, Coultis, from Virginia; 'Came out the Beginning of Septem-'ber with a Fleet of Ships; and ſays, the Vernon, Fo-'reſt, from Bonny, was going into Virginia.' Juſt arrived the Induſtry, ——, from South Carolina.

Falmouth, October 20. Wind W. Since my laſt came in the Lucy, Fergus, from London for St. Kitts.

Plymouth, October 21. Came in the Torrington Man of War, Capt. Edwards, from a Cruize. 'This Morn-'ing was ſtranded in Whitſand Bay, two Leagues to the 'Weſtward of this Place, the Diamond Sloop of Nor-'tham, Vernon, from Neath with Coals, laſt from Bid-'deford. Moſt of her Cargo is ſaved, but, it is thought, 'the Veſſel will not be got off.'

Dartmouth, October 21. Wind S. W. On the 19th ſailed the Bladen, Lawrence, from Maryland for London. Yeſterday arrived the John and Eliza, Gale, from the Cape de Verds.

Weymouth, October 22. Wind S. S. W. Since my laſt ſailed the Charming Judith, Weſton, the Betſey, ——, the William and Catherine, Pond, the Anne, Biſhop, and the Thomas and Rebecca, Ellery, all for London.

Pool, October 22. Put back and remains the Whiſtler, Shorter, for London. Came in laſt Thurſday the Bambridge, Street, from Petersburgh; the Induſtrious Ber, Durell, the Thomas and Eliza, Henning, and the John and Ann, Rogers, all from London.

Cowes, October 22. Wind S. On the 20th came in the Argyle, Steedman, from Carolina for this Place and Holland; the Vrouwe Anna, Winkes, from Surinam for Amſterdam; and the Royal Louis, Du Chaſne, from Fort Louis for Boulogne. On the 21ſt came in the Proſperous, Morey, and the William and Eliza, Grut, both from Guernſey for this Place for Orders. 'Capt. 'Steedman was attack'd the 7th of October, in Lat. '49: 00, about 85 Leagues to the Weſtward of Scilly, 'by a large Spaniſh Barcolongo, with about 100 Men, 'with whom they engaged for a conſiderable Time; 'but at length the Privateer left them. Capt. Steed-'man's Carpenter had one of his Arms blown off in 'loading the Guns.

Southampton, October 22. Wind S. W. Since my laſt arrived the Mary, Le Croix, from Jerſey. Sailed the Serpent Bombketch, Capt. Marſhall, for Guernſey, having under her Convoy the John and Mary, Pitton, for that Place.

Dover, October 23. Wind S. W. 'There are ſeveral 'Veſſels juſt come into the Pier, but can't ſend their 'Names this Poſt.

Deal, October 23. Wind S. W. Arrived the Peggy and Jenny, Long, and the Aſſiſted, Oliver, both from Antigua; the Friendſhip, late Penny, from Barbados; the Francis, Warren, from Liſbon; and the Prince William, Groot, from Liverpool. Remain the Man of War, Eaſt-India Ships, and the outward-bound as per laſt. Came down the Salisbury, Hancock, for Liſbon.

Gravesend, October 22. Passed by the St. Ferdinando, Lamotte, from Jamaica; the Two Brothers, Spoto, from Emden; the Catherine, Craythorn, from Lisbon; and the Catherine, Perry, from Faro.

Gravesend, October 23. Passed by the Conqueror, Swaver, and the St. Philip, Cobley, from Bourdeaux; the Leguanea, Angwin, from Jamaica; the Sally, Calvor, from Guernsey; the Industry, Bailey, from St. Kitts; the Limestone, Bulson, from Oporto; the Liberty, Halfknight, from Dunkirk; the Britannia, Latchford, the Mitford, Rowe, and the Frere, Lindsey, all from Barbados; the London Hope, Daverson, from Gottenburgh; the Bladen, Lawrence, and the York, Storey, both from Maryland; and the Carolina Galley, Campbell, from South Carolina.

Arrived at several Ports.

At Carolina, the Charming Susan, Scott, from London.

At Leghorn, the Grand Duke, Mauger, from ditto.

At Mahon, the Ruxley, Bashley, the Matilda, Wild, the Ann, Godlie, the Prince of Orange, Cabbott, the Amity's Blessing, Hall, the Francis, Ashington, the St. John, Beach, the Nassau, Sisson, the Boston Galley, Calcott, and the Tuscany, Tanner, all from Gibraltar.

LONDON.

The Thomas, William Watt, from Greenock to North Carolina, was lost in her Passage. The Crew were taken up by Capt. Long, from Antigua, the 29th of September, in Lat. 38 : 29, as far to the Westward as Bermudas.

Capt. Warren, of the William, just arrived from Lisbon, met a Portuguese Ship from the Western Islands, the Captain of which informed him of a rich Spanish Ship being taken by one of our Men of War, as mentioned in our last, with this Difference, that the said Ship was a Man of War of 70 Guns. This Ship is supposed to be the San Antonio, which had been some Time expected at Cadiz from the West-Indies, and which had Three Millions of Pieces of Eight in Silver, and One in Gold; and as her coming had been known for some Time, Capt. Mawson and Capt. Boscawen were station'd in order to intercept her. The former is supposed to have taken her.

The Neptune, Mulberry, from New-England, with about 300 Ton of Logwood for Hamburgh, was lately forced on Shore on the Island of Ameland, between the Texel and the Weser; and, as the Winds have since been, 'tis much feared she is lost.

The Charming Peggy, Miller, from Figueira, was lately taken by a Spanish Privateer, and carried into Bilbao.

On Sunday Night died at his House in Shad Thames, Mr. Snow, a great Worsted Dyer.

Yesterday a Presentation pass'd the Great Seal to enable the Rev. Mr. John Pindar to hold the Rectory of Moor Monkton, in the County and Diocese of York, being presented thereto by the Lord Chancellor.

Her Royal Highness the Princess Louisa arrived in Holland last Friday.

Last Saturday died at his Seat at Leatherhead in Surry, Corn Wyndham, Esq; a Gentleman of a plentiful Fortune.

Last Sunday Night a Person who kept a Cook's Shop near Drury Lane, poison'd himself.

They write from Bristol, That on Wednesday last the Regiment quartered in that City, commanded by Lieutenant-General Barrel, was review'd on Durdham-Down by the Right Hon. the Lord Tyrawley, accompanied by Sir William Young, Secretary of War, and several Officers from Bath.

Yesterday Catharine Evans, Susanna Smithson, Elizabeth Spears, Mary Watkins, and Rachel Keys, were committed to the London Workhouse by Mr. Alderman Bernard, for being common Night-Walkers, taken up on Saturday Night at the Corner of Houndsditch, about 12 o'Clock, by Mr. Dyos and Mr. Day, two Constables of Portsoken Ward.

As were also Thomas Paris, and Sarah his Wife, to Bridewell, for keeping a Bawdy-House in Loves Court, in George Alley, near Fleetstreet.

As were also William Russel (try'd last Sessions at the Old Bailey for a Street Robbery) Sarah Dennis, Sarah Soames, and Sarah Morris, taken in the before-mention'd disorderly House.

Whereas many Persons are desirous of becoming Adventurers in the present State-Lottery, to whom it may not be so convenient to purchase whole Tickets, or Chances of whole Tickets, as to be only concerned in the Chances for Prizes. This is to acquaint the Publick, that Francis Wilson, at the State Lottery-Office, Charing-Cross, directly behind the King on Horseback, will dispose of Chances for the whole Drawing at 4 l. 12 s. or in Proportion, as the Market-Price shall rise or fall; by which Method, the Purchaser will be equally entitled to the Chances of the Prizes, as if possessed of the whole Tickets. The said Francis Wilson will also dispose of the Shares at the following Prices; viz.

	l.	s.	d.
Half a Ticket, at —— ——	2	10	0
Quarters, —— ——	1	5	0
Eighths, —— ——	0	13	0
Sixteenths, —— ——	0	6	6

The whole Tickets are there sold at the Market Price, and carefully register'd. The Lottery will begin Drawing the 21st of November next.

The several advantageous and cheap Methods, by which the Tickets, and Shares, in the present State-Lottery, are sold at Lowe and Berry's, give the greatest Satisfaction to the Town in general; as does also the Convenience of their Office, which is situate, free from the Noise of the Publick Streets, in Stationers-Alley, near Ludgate-street, that almost all Persons covet to register their Tickets with, or purchase Shares of them; as they are certain of having their Business transacted with the greatest Exactness, and being paid as soon as drawn; and as their Office has been, for many Years, noted for the several large Prizes sold, shared, or registered there.

N. B. The Office will be kept open every Evening till Nine o'Clock, for the Convenience of the Publick, and Chances of Shares sold in the following Manner.

	l.	s.	d.
A Half	2	10	0
A Quarter	1	5	0
Eighths	0	13	0
Sixteenths	0	6	6

And likewise in more advantageous Methods, which may be known by enquiring at the above Office.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning	Evening
	03 40	04 00

Bank Stock, 146. India, Nothing done. South Sea, 113 1-8th to 113. Old Annuity, 114 without the Dividend. New ditto, 114 3-4ths. Three per Cent. 102 5-8ths. Ditto 1743, 102 7-8ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 80. London Assurance, 11 7-8ths. India Bonds, 4 l. 18 s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 2 l. 17 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallies, 103. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 104 1-half. Three per Cent. ditto, 98. Million Bank, 119 1-half. Equivalent, 111. Lottery Tickets, 11 l. 8 s. 6 d. to 8 s.

Admiralty-Office, October 22, 1743.

THE *Leave of Absence given to the Petty Officers and Foremastmen belonging to his Majesty's Bomb-Vessel the* Salamander, *expiring the 28th Instant, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty having ordered them to be turned over to his Majesty's Ship the* Worcester *at Portsmouth. It is their Lordships Direction, that the said Men do repair down to that Ship, at the Expiration of their Leave: And for their Encouragement, their Lordships have directed Conduct-Money to be allowed them, and also Carriage for their Chests and Bedding; and they will be paid the Remainder of their Wages for the* Salamander, *and Two Months Advance, on board the* Worcester, *before she proceeds to Sea. But if they fail to repair on board the said Ship, when their Leave is expired, they will not only lose the aforesaid Wages, but Directions will be given for apprehending them, in order to their being tried at a Court Martial as Deserters.*

If the Worcester *is not ready to receive them, when they arrive at Portsmouth, they must apply to Rear-Admiral* Steuart, *who will cause them to be victualled on board a Ship in Ordinary, till the* Worcester *is ready.*

Thomas Corbett.

Admiralty-Office, October 24, 1743.

WHereas *there are several Men belonging to his Majesty's Ship the* Medway *at the Nore, who came up the River Thames in Merchantships in the Room of Prest Men, and are not yet returned to their Duty; and the* Medway *being under Sailing Orders, The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty do hereby warn the said Men, that if they do not immediately repair on board her, the Marshal of the Admiralty will be directed to apprehend them, in order to their being tried at a Court Martial as Deserters.*

Thomas Corbett.

This Day will be Published,
(Price Sixpence)

THE PROCEEDINGS on the KING's COMMISSIONS of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, held for the City of London and County of Middlesex, before the Right Hon. ROBERT WILLIMOTT, Esq; Lord Mayor of the City of London, the Right Hon. the Lord Chief Justice Lee, Mr. Baron Reynolds, Mr. Serjeant Urlin, Recorder, &c. at Justice Hall in the Old Bailey, on the 12th, 13th, 14th, and 16th Instant.

Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster Row.

General Post-Office, London, October 24. 1743.

WHEREAS *the Troops of Great Britain are marching or marched into their Winter-Quarters in the Austrian Netherlands: This is to inform the Publick, That all Letters directed for the Officers, Soldiers, and others belonging to, or attending on, the said Army, will be sent from this Office free of the Foreign Postage, and That only the Inland Postage will be demanded for such Letters, as addressed or directed to the Army aforesaid, as come from out of the several Parts of the Country; without which Inland Postage the said Letters will not be forwarded.*

By Command of the Postmaster-General,
Geo. Shelvocke, *Secretary.*

STATE LOTTERY TICKETS, 1743.

Bought and Sold by

THOMAS COX,

Under the ROYAL-EXCHANGE,

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WHERE every Kind of Business relating to the Lottery, is transacted with the utmost Exactness and Fidelity.

Tickets divided into Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Sixteenths.

CHANCES sold at little more than one Third of the Price of a Ticket, whereby the Purchaser will be equally intitled to the Prize (in Case it be so drawn) as if he had paid the Price of a whole Ticket.

The first Ticket that shall happen to be drawn of Ten, or the first Five of Ten, may be bought at a much cheaper Rate than in the common Way, notwithstanding the Chance is equally as good to the Purchaser.

Any Person that does not fully understand the above Methods may have them explain'd, by calling at the said Office.

Tickets Register'd, and in Time of Drawing Examin'd and daily Insur'd from Blanks.

Money for Blanks and Prizes as soon as drawn.

Letters, Post paid, will be duly answer'd.

Schemes Gratis, both French and English.

TICKETS in the Present STATE-LOTTERY, 1743. Bought and Sold by

COTTON *and* LAMBERT,

At their Office against the Royal Exchange, Cornhill.

Where will be kept an Exact Numerical Book, and also a Register-Book; wherein any Person entering their Number and Sixpence per Ticket, shall have an immediate Account from them of their Success (if in Town) and by the First Post to any Part of Great Britain or Ireland.

Chances Sold, and Tickets Divided into Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Sixteenths.

The abovesaid COTTON and LAMBERT Buy and Sell Navy and Victualling Bills, and also all Government Securities.

SCHEMES in French and English given Gratis.

September 15, 1743.

This Day is Published,
(*With the Allowance and Approbation of the Lord High Chancellor of* Great Britain, *and all the Judges.*)

Serjeant *SALKELD's*

Reports of Cases

Adjudged in the Court of *King's-Bench*, &c.

Alphabetically digested under proper Heads:

And is the most useful Collection of Cases for Justices of Peace, and also for Barristers, Students, and all Practisers of the Law.

With the PLEADINGS now first done into English.

The FOURTH EDITION, with many Thousand additional References, by *K. D'Anvers*, late of the Inner-Temple, Esq; Author of *The General Abridgment of the Common Law*.

Printed for T. OSBORNE, in *Gray's-Inn*.

Where may be had,

Reports of WILLIAM-PEERE WILLIAMS, Esq; in Two Vols.

An Infallible and Instant Cure

For DEAFNESS, THICKNESS of HEARING, PAIN or NOISE *in the* EARS, *&c. by the Chymical Specifick* DROPS.

WHICH infinitely excel all other Medicines ever offer'd to the Publick, or known in the World; for they directly cure Deafness, be it ever so bad, and all Thickness of Hearing and Noise in the Ears, almost at once, and that after all other Means have failed, and without Trouble, or the least Uneasiness whatever, as many Thousands have experienced.

They effectually remove all Pain occasion'd by Cold, &c. in the Tympanum or Drum of the Ear, free the auditory Nerves from Obstruction, and remedy all Defects of the Hearing Faculty almost in an Instant, causing those to hear exceeding quick well, who before were in a Manner totally Deaf.

Hundreds who were so very bad, as not able to hear a Gun when beat close by them, and therefore despaired of ever relieved, have been quickly and perfectly cured by to their great Joy and Admiration.

In a Word, nothing in Nature can come near them for the and almost immediate Cure of DEAFNESS, proceeding what Cause soever; but the great Esteem and Reputation justly gained for many Years past, have occasion'd (as Cases) many Counterfeits to come abroad; beware of such Impositions, these excellent and only true Specifick ing to be had only, by the Author's Appointment, of women at the two Blue Posts in Haydon-Yard, in the 11 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions, and no where else in

LONDON: Printed for M. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-Noster-Row*.